

SA feed industry experiences 0.7% sales drop for 2017/18

According to the executive director of the Animal Feed Manufacturers' Association (AFMA), De Wet Boshoff, AFMA feed sales for 2017/18 showed a negative growth of 0.7% compared to 6.2% drop in sales experienced during 2016/17 - the highest percentage decrease in feed sales AFMA members have ever experienced.



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The dramatic feed sales loss experienced in 2016/17 was the direct consequence of the challenges the livestock and poultry industries had to face and overcome.

"Initially, the focus was on the poultry industry having to deal with the dumping of cheap imports from the E (within the EPA free trade agreement), the duty-free quota allowed under the AGOA agreement from the U in 2016/17, which was followed by cheap dumped product from Brazil in the latter half of 2017 that continued into 2018," said Boshoff.

The poultry industry was further struck by the deadly Avian Influenza (AI) and vast numbers of birds had to be culled during 2016/17 to stop the spreading of the outbreaks.

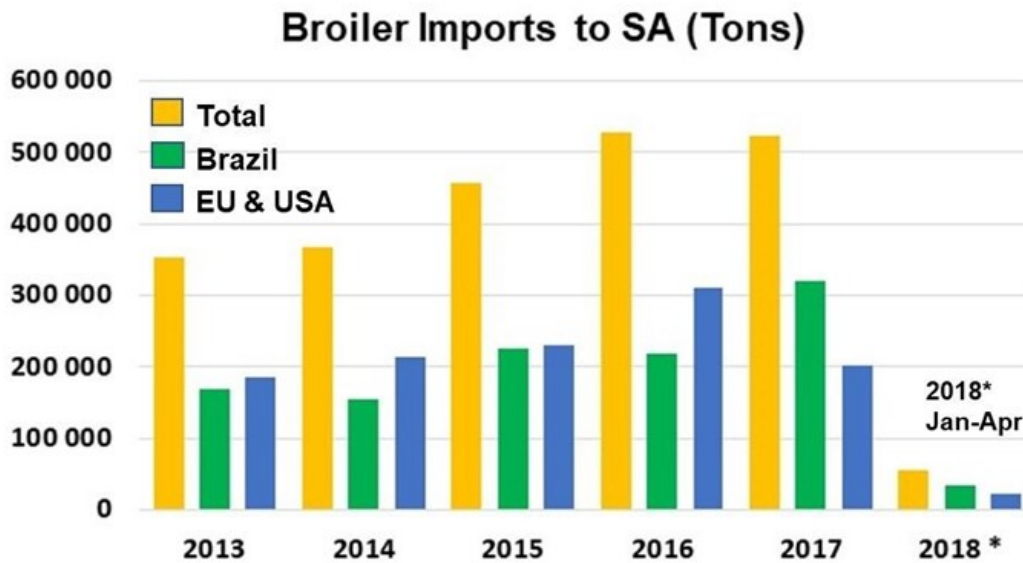
The culling had the largest influence specifically on broilers and layers, with the Western Cape being hit hardest by the AI outbreaks. According to the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE), about 2.5 million birds died or had to be culled to stop the spreading.

The direct effect of these actions on animal feed sales is displayed by **Table 1**.

Following the 2017 winter season and after vigorous biosecurity measures applied by poultry and related industries brought an end to AI outbreaks, matters eventually started to settle and industry began their recovery process.

While South Africa dealt with its AI outbreaks in 2016, imports however continued. During 2017, outbreaks of AI in the EU and US resulted in a slowdown in imports from these regions, allowing Brazil a field day in filling this gap, keeping imports at the same levels as in 2016.

Figure 1: Poultry Imports into South Africa



Source: SARS

While the focus was directed towards the poultry sector, feed sales experienced a double blow according Boshoff, with the worst drought in South African history having devastating effects on other livestock species, specifically beef and sheep due to the lack of absence of grazing. This left producers with no option other than reducing their herds dramatically and retaining only their breeding stock, so as to rebuild their herds again after the drought.

Table 1 contains a short summary of AFMA feed sales for the last three statistical years.

The impact of the drought on beef and sheep saw feed sales dropping by 16.3% (±170,000 tonnes of feed). It is encouraging to see that this category has already started recovering in the last year, although it will take three to four years to fully recover to previous levels.

"One hundred per cent of the drop-in layer feed sales was due to AI and we expect a full recovery of these lost volumes by the end of the next financial year if we are able to remain AI-free during this period. The drop in both broiler and breeder feed was due to AI and poultry imports. While we do expect a full recover from the impact of AI, the negative effect of poultry imports will remain," says Boshoff.

Table 1: AFMA feed sales – 2015 to 2018 (AFMA Statistical year Apr-Mar)

AFMA FEED SALES 2015 - 2018	TOTAL YTD 2015/2016	TOTAL YTD 2016/2017	TOTAL YTD 2017/2018	% Diff
Dairy Feed	912 312	925 185	950 245	2,7%
Beef & Sheep Feed	1 030 101	861 792	871 417	1,1%
Layer Feed	951 535	885 676	846 694	-4,4%
Broiler Feed	2 808 360	2 652 906	2 583 946	-2,6%
Breeder Feed	499 307	468 431	477 249	1,9%
Other	706 810	682 944	699 081	2,4%
TOTAL SALES	6 908 425	6 476 934	6 429 081	-0,7%

Source: AFMA Stats

Boshoff concludes by saying that the animal feed sector is positively but anxiously awaiting outstanding outcomes of the special Poultry Task Force initiated by the government under the co-leadership of the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and the poultry industry in late 2016.

"These outcomes still need to be agreed upon and implemented. Should these outcomes materialise, it will not only benefit the feed sector, but the entire grains and oilseeds value chain of South Africa. This would lead to policy certainty, paving the way for investment and growth coupled with the potential of vast job creation in these sectors. This will put the industry on the road towards achieving the main outcomes of the National Development Plan (NDP)."

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