

UK companies to remove names from job applicant CVs

By <u>Veselina Dzhingarova</u> 17 Nov 2015

David Cameron recently announced that various UK companies and British governments are going to be using a "name-blind recruitment" strategy. It involves removing entry level job seeker names from application forms. This is mainly because of recent research that highlighted that name can affect application success rates. The organizers of the movement hope that this will remove initial job seeker discrimination. It helps people to <u>travel without quitting job</u> positions and not be afraid that they are going to increase the possibility of landing a job whenever the necessity arises.



© Shao-Chun Wang - 123RF.com

According to Cameron, the principle is that the candidates that have skills, grades and the necessary determination will be guaranteed to succeed.

An official press release that was issued by the office of the prime minister showcased that various firms like BBC, Deloitte, HSBC and the UK National Health Service, together with the British Civil Service, will <u>participate in this recruitment plan</u>. The start of the program is scheduled for the month of April 2016.

Everything started with the fact that it was seen as a disgraceful thing that people that had white sounding names ended up with a much higher possibility to get shortlisted for a job when compared with those that did not.

of the applicants when looking at hiring processes. That is especially the case when referring to the STEM jobs. Stanford University did a study that asked the scientists to evaluate a number of identical resumes. The only difference was the name of the applicants. The students that were named John received a higher competency rating than the students that had the name Jennifer.

There are many reports that appeared in the past years about problems associated with the names of the candidates. One seeker, who was named Jose, was denied for a job. He then re-applied by using the name Joe and was contacted by the same company that initially denied him.

What is interesting is that there are many countries that have implemented strategies like the one the UK is focused on at the moment. Results have been mixed till now. It was highlighted that in countries like Sweden and Germany, the minority candidates did have the same call backs as those that were not from a minority. However, in France, call backs for the minority-sounding names were much lower.

The April strategy will not remove other background indicators that have been seen as bringing in social indicators for the recruiters. For instance, schools and addresses are still going to be added. It was shown that there were companies that did interview candidates even if they did not know what university or school they attended.

At the end of the day, the new strategy will most likely not change much but there may be some improvements that can be taken into account in the fight against discrimination based on racial reasons.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Veselina Dzhingarova is co-founder of [[http://dzhingarov.com/ Dzhingarov]] and writer at TravelTipsor.

For more, visit: https://www.bizcommunity.com